

## FAMINE IN POLAND

Four Million People Face Death by Starvation.

Disease, Vermin and Exposure Add to War's Horror.

New York, Dec. 30.—More than 4,000,000 of the population of Poland are destitute and entirely dependent upon soup kitchens, where there is issued to each applicant a small loaf of bread and a pint of soup daily, according to William H. Hamilton of the American mercy and relief committee, who reached New York today on the steamship Rotterdam.

Mr. Hamilton has been in Europe several months looking into relief work for his organization. He added that he had traveled from Alexandria to Warsaw, and in the entire country he saw only one place where there was hardly a habitable building standing.

**Hard Fight on Disease.**  
It has taken the most strenuous efforts of German medical forces to overcome the epidemics of typhoid, smallpox, rubella and other diseases. They had to contend not only with a shortage of medicaments, but also with the distrust of the people and a distinct opposition to vaccination that was overcome with great difficulty.

"I was in Warsaw two weeks ago," said Mr. Hamilton. "The temperature was below zero and I saw every day long lines of old men, women and children, many of them without adequate clothing, standing for hours in the cold wind waiting their turn in the food distributing centers."

"In Warsaw alone it is estimated that 75,000 people are destitute, and unless relief reaches them soon, the majority will not be alive when spring comes."

**Food, Not Money, Needed.**  
Money is not needed, for there is no food or clothing to be purchased, I am going to urge my committee to bring every possible pressure to bear to induce the British to relax their blockade sufficiently to allow at least 25,000 tons of supplies to go into Poland each month," he has assurances that the Germans will do what they can to assist in its distribution.

"While the German authorities are doing what they can to relieve distress there is no use trying to disguise the fact that they can use not much more food than they can use themselves. The soup kitchens made mainly from carrots, of which there appears to be an abundance in Germany."

**Vermin Greatest Menace.**  
"Coupled with the distress occasioned by lack of food and proper clothing, there exists a menace to health in the form of vermin and filth. The German military authorities are doing their best to cope with this condition, but with no bathing facilities it is a hard task."

"To prevent a possible spread of disease no one is allowed to leave the land without a health certificate which specifically states that the bearer is free from vermin."

**PORTER HAS A PLAN**  
Proposes Relief for Both Dr. Lull and Dr. Wood.

Commissioner W. L. Porter is working on a plan that may provide physicians for the extremely poor and for emergency cases at the city jail.

There is considerable criticism because Dr. H. B. Wood, city physician, devotes his time exclusively to contagious and infectious disease and does not answer charity calls. There is also complaint because the city does not allow C. C. Lull, county physician, anything for handling city cases.

The Porter plan may remove the grounds for criticism. His idea is to make arrangements with the Leavenworth County Medical society to handle all such cases. Any physician would be subject to a call, the fee to be paid by the society by the city and would be distributed among the physicians giving their service, by the society.

"I didn't bring Dr. Wood here for that kind of work," said Porter. "His business is to see that the death rate from infectious and contagious disease is cut down. And he has to make that kind of a showing under fair conditions, to stick. If he answered every call that came in here asking for free treatment he wouldn't have time for anything else. You'd be surprised at the ill people develop when they think the services of a physician are not going to cost them anything."

Dr. Lull has been putting in his bill regularly for services to city patients but the commission has allowed him nothing.

"As a matter of fact," said Porter, "the county physician is required to care for patients in Topeka. The county officers know it. If they don't."

**How To Get Rid of a Bad Cough**  
A Home-Made Remedy that Will Do It Quickly, Cheap and Easily Made.

If you have a bad cough or chest cold which refuses to yield to ordinary remedies, get from any drug store 2½ ounces of Pinex (50 cents worth), pour into a pint bottle and fill the bottle with plain granulated sugar. Shake well and take a teaspoonful every hour or two. In 24 hours your cough will be conquered or very nearly so. Even a hacking cough is greatly relieved in this way.

The above mixture makes a full pint—a family supply—the finest cough syrup that money could buy—a cough in only 5 minutes. Easily prepared in 5 minutes. Full directions with Pinex.

I would like to see them test the law on the subject."

There is constant criticism in Topeka over the present arrangement. Most of it is directed at the head of Dr. Wood, city physician. However, Dr. Wood is operating under orders from Commissioner Porter and the latter maintains that he is justified in his course.

## HIGH PRICE GASOLINE

Federal Investigation Shows Year's Increase Two Million Barrels.

Washington, Dec. 30.—Preliminary estimates of the governmental survey on the production of crude petroleum under the federal inquiry into the cause of advancing gasoline prices were made public today by Secretary Lusk. These indicate an increase of about two million barrels over last year's output which, with a total production of about 29,000,000 barrels, was a record.

"The present year began with a surplus of petroleum in field storage," said the report, "so that production of crude oil was not pushed. Under these conditions the small increase in production was significant. Of the total yield of the wells the past year about 8 per cent remains in field storage, and added to this are the stocks held in storage by the pipeline companies, a reserve estimated by the survey as fifty million barrels greater than at the beginning of the year."

"The supply in the United States is not unlimited, but the decline in the output of crude oil has not yet set in. The increase in stocks is in itself a fairly conclusive rebuttal of any price boosting plan of present shortage. Furthermore, the better market for crude oil which characterized the closing months of the year has already somewhat stimulated drilling activity, which may contribute to next year's production."

**GIVES BABY TALK.**  
Dr. De Vilbiss Addresses Women at Farm and Home Week.

Manhattan, Kan., Dec. 30.—"The ideal baby is one born of healthy parents and properly fed and cared for," says Dr. Lydia De Vilbiss of Topeka before the women attending the farm and home week at Kansas State Agricultural college at Manhattan. Dr. De Vilbiss used several babies to illustrate her points.

"The baby should be breast fed because this is the cleanest and the safest way of feeding it. Patent foods and malted milks should not be fed to the baby as a sole food, because they fatten too much, and a fat baby is not always a healthy baby. Fat babies catch diseases easily, and will take cold upon slightest provocation."

"It is very easy to overfeed the baby, or to give it the wrong kind of food. Do not feed a child of eleven months potatoes as we found the mothers of some babies brought to us for examination had been doing. The baby should have a regular diet and should be fed at regular hours. Babies do not cry because they are hungry but because they are over fed."

**Watch Eyes, Teeth and Ears.**  
It is very important to keep the teeth, fingernails and toenails of the baby clean. The kind of second teeth a child has will depend on the way the first have been kept.

"Take care of their ears, and never allow them to be boxed for this cause. Deafness. The eyes are important and the child should be watched carefully for squinting and near sightedness."

"It may seem queer to you that we so called 'old maids' should come here and try to teach mothers how to take care of your babies. But we are not the mothers of one, two, or probably six children, but of hundreds of children."

"Experience comes dear when you have to practice on your own first child, and the probably best way to learn is to have a child of your own. Because you did not know how to take care of him."

**AUCTIONEERS IN SESSION.**  
Hold Co-operative Sale of Farm Products at Leavenworth Convention.

Leavenworth, Kan., Dec. 30.—Auctioneers attending the annual convention of the Kansas State Auctioneers' association, in session here, were given an opportunity today to demonstrate their ability as auctioneers at a co-operative sale, held under the auspices of Leavenworth County Farm bureau.

A varied collection of farm machinery, products and live stock, the possessions of various members of the bureau, went under the hammer. The sale was conducted by a number of the visiting auctioneers, each mounting the block in turn.

The sale was the first of its kind attempted by the local bureau, the purpose being to provide a clearing house where the individual farmers could dispose of property, for which they no longer had use and could obtain in return needed articles.

Prior to the sale farmers having property to be sold made a statement of its exact value and condition, and, in cases where registered livestock was offered for sale, it was accompanied by its official record.

**ALLEGED CATTLE THIEF TAKEN.**  
Ness County Sheriff Returns With Prisoner From Denver.

Great Bend, Kan., Dec. 30.—Sheriff A. L. Walco, of Ness county, stopped off here between trains, bringing with him W. M. Schaben, whom he had arrested at Great Bend, Schaben is a party charged as leading the gang that has been stealing and shipping large numbers of cattle from Ness and surrounding counties and selling them on markets in Kansas City. Frank Russell and John Wood were among the victims of this cattle stealing gang. Part of the cattle were recovered but many of them were immediately slaughtered. After the last big haul Schaben disappeared. This was several weeks ago and he was but recently located.

**Would Save the Babies.**  
Washington, Dec. 30.—At the request of charitable organizations in the American States, Secretary Lansing instructed Ambassadors Page and Sharp at London and Paris, respectively, to inquire whether the British and French governments will permit shipment of condensed milk to Germany and Austria for distribution to infants, under the direction of the American Red Cross. Statement that thousands of babies in Germany and Austria want the milk have been laid before the state department.

## TANDY IN FIGHT

Ramsey Sewer Remarks Arouse City Commissioner.

Considers Statement a Slap at His Department.

The remarks of J. A. Ramsey, city sanitary sergeant, urging East side people to see to it that close joints were made in the East side sewer, aroused the ire of W. G. Tandy, commissioner, under whose department the sewer work comes. Mr. Ramsey asked the people of the East side to inspect the work as it is done as a matter of sanitary precaution.

Mr. Tandy has inspection forces at work under two men and they see every joint of sewer laid. He looks upon the Ramsey remarks as a reflection upon his department.

"Mr. Ramsey probably has a good deal more time to inspect the sewer joints over there than I have," said Mr. Tandy.

Mr. Ramsey expressed the fear that unless the joints were carefully cemented, the sewer would be a failure. "The pressure is much greater from the outside in than from the inside out," said Commissioner Tandy. "If there is any filtration it will be into the sewer. The real object of cementing the joints is to keep the water from flowing in and choking the sewer."

"I have two as good inspectors on the job as you have," said Mr. Tandy. "I get—E. S. Gibson with one and Stewart McGraw with the other. These men are both engineers, each had long experience in the sewer work and see that the sewer is laid on the proper grade. When each joint is laid there are men there to measure below and measure the water. By this test he can tell whether there is any leakage in the sewer."

"If Mr. Ramsey knows anything it would look better if he would make it known to this department as we would be glad to know it and would do anything we could to correct it. I think this would be a better policy than to dispense his flippant to the newspapers."

**Has Faith in Pringle.**  
"Mr. Pringle is a competent contractor. He has probably laid twenty miles of sewer pipe in Topeka and we have never caught him out trying to put anything over on the city or trying to slight his work. We keep men on the job all the time to see that the work is properly done so that we will know for ourselves that it is done right."

"After all this inspection and before the sewer is accepted an engineer goes over it, goes into the manholes with a flashlight and looking through the sewer to see that it is on line and at grade. After this test he corks the opening in the sewer pipe at a certain manhole and turns water into a manhole above, the water being measured and allowed to stand a certain length of time. He then takes the plug out below and measures the water. By this test he can tell whether there is any leakage in the sewer."

**UNIONISTS ARE PEEVED**  
Probably Will Resign From English Cabinet Over Conscript Plan.

London, Dec. 30.—The Daily Express today asserts that there is a group of at least three unionists in the cabinet, led by the Earl of Selborne, president of the board of agriculture, who are likely to resign because Premier Asquith's plan for a modified form of conscription does not go far enough.

These men contend that it is wrong to force all the single men to serve in the army when there is a large proportion of married men who could be spared more easily and that altogether the premier's plan is a useless compromise, says the paper. The Express therefore anticipates a fair crop of resignations among the supporters of voluntary enlistment and the determined conscriptionists but says that the resignations will not be serious enough to imperil the existence of the government. The paper also expressed the opinion that the Earl of Derby, director of recruiting, will find a place in the reconstructed ministry.

**FIND NEW EXPLOSIVE**  
Germans Invent Substitute for Cotton in Making Powder.

Bremen, Dec. 30.—German experiments with substitutes for cotton in making gun powder have been so successful that for eight months no cotton has been used. This statement was made by the president of the Bremen gunpowder works.

**URGES EVERYONE TO QUICKLY GET ON WATER WAGON**  
Drink glass of hot water before breakfast to wash out poisons.

To see the tinge of healthy bloom in your face, to see your skin get clearer and clearer, to wake up without a headache, backache, coated tongue or a nasty breath, in fact to feel your best, day in and day out, just try one water-bathing every morning for one week.

Dinner breakfast each day, drink a glass of real hot water with a teaspoonful of limestone phosphate in it. It is a harmless means of washing from the stomach, liver, kidneys and bowels the previous day's indigestible waste, sour bile and toxins, thus cleansing, sweetening and purifying the entire alimentary canal before putting more food into the stomach. The action of hot water and limestone phosphate on an empty stomach is wonderfully invigorating. It cleans out all the sour fermentations, gases and acidity and gives one a splendid appetite for breakfast.

A quarter pound of limestone phosphate will cost very little at the drug store but is sufficient to demonstrate that just as soap and hot water cleanse the skin, so hot water and limestone phosphate act on the blood and internal organs. Those who are subject to constipation, bilious attacks, acid stomach, rheumatic twinges, also those whose skin is sallow and complexion pallid, are assured that one week of inside-bathing will have them looking and feeling better in every way. Advertisement.

chamber of commerce to a convention of merchants.

"We have succeeded in winning from the immeasurable supply of German forests a cellular material which is cheaper and better suited for powder making than cotton," he said.

Even after the war German ammunition factories will not buy another bale of cotton from America.

"The second important ingredient, sulphur, is now manufactured exclusively in Germany from the air."

The speaker asserted that camphor, for seven years produced synthetically from American turpentine, is now obtained by chemical means from synthetic turpentine. After the war there will be no more importation of camphor from Japan or turpentine from America.

**"SILLY LOVE AFFAIRS"**  
New York School Teachers Warned Against Thinking Mostly of Beaux.

Syracuse, N. Y., Dec. 30.—A warning to school teachers against "silly love affairs" which materially interfere with their work, was given by Prof. Harry DeGroat, principal of Cortland Normal school, before the Associated Academy principals of the state, in session here.

"There is nothing so damaging to the value of a young woman as 'silly love affairs,'" he said. "It is a demoralizing influence. Young women should think mostly of their beaux when they should be giving their attention to their classroom work. Principals should have no objection to dignified and discreet love affairs among their teachers, but, unfortunately, there are too many of the opposite character. Many young women lose their contracts because of carelessness in their teaching and in love affairs."

**IT IS MISLEADING**  
Federal Order Regarding Use of Funds for Demonstration.

This Class of Work Never Cost Uncle Sam a Cent.

The announcement from Washington that the secretary of agriculture has prohibited the expenditure of federal funds by state agricultural colleges for agricultural demonstration trains is misleading, according to a statement made today by J. F. Jarrell, publicity agent of the Santa Fe Railway company.

"Those who are unfamiliar with the operation of these demonstration trains will gather from the Washington announcement, that the agricultural colleges authorities have been spending the government appropriation for railroad junkies, when as a matter of fact the railway company furnishes the train and the entire expense of such trips, except the salaries of the college men, is paid by the company."

Jarrell said: "All that the college furnishes for a campaign of a week is a corps of half a dozen professors who lecture on various subjects in which the farmers are interested. The public utilities commission issues an order authorizing the railway company to transport the speakers free of charge; the company attaches a combination sleeping and dining car to its train for the accommodation of the speakers, also free, and the few days' time spent by the professors in the work is paid for by the state. It is not clear just how the funds of the

department of agriculture are in danger.

"The Santa Fe heretofore has co-operated with the Agricultural colleges of several states in taking direct to the farmers by means of demonstration trains, first hand information about the results of experiments carried on at the colleges. The theory is that the information disseminated enables the farmers to do better farming, and tends to aid in the development of the natural resources of the country. It is not advised regarding the possible effect the order from Washington will have on the future co-operative work between the Santa Fe and the Kansas Agricultural college. Charles L. Seagraves of Chicago, general colonization agent, looks after the demonstration train feature of the Santa Fe's business."

**SHOP CLERK A HERO**  
Decorated by King George for Bravery in Dardanelles Campaign.

St. Johns, N. E., Dec. 30.—James Donnelly, six months ago a dry goods clerk in this city, today is the war hero of the colony. As lieutenant of a Newfoundland battalion at the Dardanelles, he acquitted himself so well that King George awarded him the military cross. News of the exploit was received by Governor Davidson today.

On the night of November 4 Donnelly led a patrol to a knoll held by the Turks. He forced their superior numbers to withdraw, and although his little party was considerably reduced, held the position throughout the night. When morning came half his force was dead or wounded. The position was consolidated with the British lines and named Caribou Hill in recognition of the caribou head on the Newfoundland regimental crest.

**Someone wants that which you do not. A small ad in the State Journal wants columns satisfies both.**

**L. M. PENWELL**  
Undertaker and Embalmer  
THOMAS E. JONES, Assistant  
Phone 192 508-510 Quincy St.

**Our Pre-Inventory Sale**  
Everything in the store at greatly reduced prices.

**THE NEW TOGGERY**  
BETTER MERCHANDISE FOR LESS MONEY.  
L. S. GALITZKY, Prop.

**Jenkins Outfit K**  
Includes latest Victrola style with 14 selections on 7 double-faced 10-inch records. \$4 CASH \$17.50 a Month

**Jenkins Outfit L**  
Newest Victrola style with 14 selections on 7 double-faced 10-inch records. \$4 CASH \$27.50 a Month

**Jenkins Outfit M**  
Latest Victrola style with 14 selections on 7 double-faced 10-inch records. \$4 CASH \$45.00 a Month

**Jenkins Outfit N**  
Newest Victrola style with 14 selections on 7 double-faced 10-inch records. \$4 CASH \$55.00 a Month

**Jenkins Outfit O**  
Latest Victrola style with 14 selections on 7 double-faced 10-inch records. \$4 CASH \$80.00 a Month

**Jenkins Outfit P**  
Largest Victrola style with 14 selections on 7 double-faced 10-inch records. \$4 CASH \$105.00 a Month

**Jenkins Outfit R**  
Latest Victrola style with 14 selections on 7 double-faced 10-inch records. \$4 CASH \$155.00 a Month

**Jenkins Outfit S**  
Largest Victrola style with 14 selections on 7 double-faced 10-inch records. \$4 CASH \$205.00 a Month

**Jenkins Outfit T**  
Latest Victrola style with 14 selections on 7 double-faced 10-inch records. \$4 CASH \$255.00 a Month

**Jenkins Outfit U**  
Largest Victrola style with 14 selections on 7 double-faced 10-inch records. \$4 CASH \$305.00 a Month

**Jenkins Outfit V**  
Latest Victrola style with 14 selections on 7 double-faced 10-inch records. \$4 CASH \$355.00 a Month

**Jenkins Outfit W**  
Largest Victrola style with 14 selections on 7 double-faced 10-inch records. \$4 CASH \$405.00 a Month

**Jenkins Outfit X**  
Latest Victrola style with 14 selections on 7 double-faced 10-inch records. \$4 CASH \$455.00 a Month

**Jenkins Outfit Y**  
Largest Victrola style with 14 selections on 7 double-faced 10-inch records. \$4 CASH \$505.00 a Month

**Jenkins Outfit Z**  
Latest Victrola style with 14 selections on 7 double-faced 10-inch records. \$4 CASH \$555.00 a Month

**Jenkins Outfit AA**  
Largest Victrola style with 14 selections on 7 double-faced 10-inch records. \$4 CASH \$605.00 a Month

**Jenkins Outfit AB**  
Latest Victrola style with 14 selections on 7 double-faced 10-inch records. \$4 CASH \$655.00 a Month

**Jenkins Outfit AC**  
Largest Victrola style with 14 selections on 7 double-faced 10-inch records. \$4 CASH \$705.00 a Month

**Jenkins Outfit AD**  
Latest Victrola style with 14 selections on 7 double-faced 10-inch records. \$4 CASH \$755.00 a Month

**JOIN OUR MOTORCYCLE CLUB AND GET A MOTORCYCLE**  
IT'S EASY TO WIN AND YOU MAKE GOOD WAGES BESIDES WHILE WORKING

We pay you liberally IN CASH for the work you do and over \$500 in cash and prizes will be awarded. Write us today about it. IT COSTS YOU NOTHING TO ENTER

**Read These Letters From Winners of Other Motorcycles We Gave Away**

**OKLAHOMA BOY WON EASILY.**  
Harvey Ferrell, of Amarita, Okla., was the winner of the motorcycle given away February 12, 1914. He won the motorcycle by winning the 141 subscription and was the highest, winning a \$250 machine. Here is what he wrote:

Manager Motorcycle Club—Dear Sir: I received by motor today and like it fine. It is just like you said it would be and I think if any person wants to deal with honest men, deal with Kansas Farmers. I will send you picture of my motor and my before long—HARVEY FERRELL, Amarita, Okla., March 18, 1915.

**TOOK ONLY 110 SUBSCRIPTIONS.**  
E. B. Freedy, of Richland, Kan., won the motorcycle in the contest which closed February 28, 1915, by securing only 110 subscriptions, nearly all for only one dollar. He was the highest, with only \$104.50. Think of it! He got a machine made well everywhere for \$250 but he took only 110 subscriptions and the most points, and won. Here is what he says:

Manager Kansas Farmer Motorcycle Club: I received the motorcycle and it is sure a beauty. I have never had a better one. I have not found a place it won't pull. I would advise every boy to get busy on the next contest, for it is easy to win and everything is straight.—E. B. FREEDY, Richland, Kan.

**HE LIKES HIS MACHINE.**  
Manager Kansas Farmer Motorcycle Club—Dear Sir: I am writing to let you know I received the first prize motorcycle and am sure pleased with it. It sure is a beauty. I was worth working for, and I also say that I was worth the contest was sure on the square, and I think others who may enter one of your contests will say the same, and I hope those who enter one of your contests will say the same as easily as I did.—C. S. KELLEY, Horton, Kan., March 20, 1915.

**PERLE TILLEY, RANSOM, KAN., IS MORE THAN**  
Manager Kansas Farmer Motorcycle Club: I received the motorcycle yesterday and I am more than pleased with it. I have ridden it about fifty miles. I want to thank you and the company for the machine and the promptness in sending it to me. The contest was carried on absolutely fair and you did everything that you said you would do. My winning has caused great enthusiasm here among the young folk, and everything they say machine is great. I am going to get my picture taken with the machine soon and I will send you one. I will take a trip to the state capital and if I don't I will sure stop and see you. Again thanking you for your honesty and kindness to me, I am, yours truly—PERLE TILLEY, Ransom, Kan., May 12, 1915.

**Clifford Jerome**  
Winner of motorcycle in contest which closed Feb. 21, 1914.

**Charles Erbert**  
Winner of motorcycle in contest which closed March 11, 1915.

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